CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA For year ended DECEMBER 31, 2021



# Welch LLP

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of the Corporation of the Township of Greater Madawaska (the "Township") is responsible for the preparation, accuracy, objectivity and integrity of the accompanying consolidated financial statements and all other information contained within this Financial Report. Management believes that the consolidated financial statements present fairly the Township's consolidated financial position as at December 31, 2021 and the results of its consolidated operations for the year then ended.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

The consolidated financial statements include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. Such amounts have been determined on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, management has designed and maintains a system of internal controls to produce reliable information and to meet reporting requirements on a timely basis. The system is designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized and assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded.

These systems are monitored and evaluated by management and reliable financial information is available for preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Township Council carries out its responsibilities for review of the consolidated financial statements principally through regular meetings. The Township Council meets regularly with management and the external auditors to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters.

The external auditors have full access to the Township Council with and without the presence of management. The Township Council has approved the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Welch LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, independent external auditors appointed by the Township. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Township's consolidated financial statements.

Desor >

Allison Holtzhauer (/ CAO Clerk- DeputyTreasurer

# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA CONSOLIDATED AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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# Welch LLP®

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the

#### CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Township of Greater Madawaska (the "Township"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus, consolidated statement of changes in net financial liabilities and the consolidated statement cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Township as at December 31, 2021 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards(PSAB).

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Township in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Township's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Township or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Township's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Township's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Township to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Ontario May 27, 2022.



#### TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OFFINANCIAL POSITION

#### DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 1,924,277	\$ 1,126,386
Taxes receivable	291,345	464,555
Accounts receivable	517,498	642,573
	2,733,120	2,233,514
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	210,638	665,933
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (note 7)	221,863	145,907
- other (note 8)	93,363	59,037
Net long-term liabilities (note 5)	2,728,451	1,571,393
Employee future benefits (note 2)	18,412	12,390
Landfill closure and post closure costs (notes 2 and 9)	1,673,100	1,673,100
	4,945,827	4,127,760
NET FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	(2,212,707)	<u>(1,894,246</u> )
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (net)	15,024,742	14,457,211
Construction in progress	690,315	461,270
Inventories of supplies	124,604	196,395
Prepaid expenses	31,095	27,534
	15,870,756	15,142,410
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 13,658,049	<u>\$ 13,248,164</u>
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS COMPRISED OF		
Equity in tangible capital assets (note 13)	\$ 12,976,905	\$ 12,290,391
Reserve and reserve funds	2,334,656	2,606,794
Library Board	38,000	36,469
Unfunded - employee future benefits (note 2)	(18,412)	(12,390)
<ul> <li>landfill closure and post closure costs (note 2)</li> </ul>	(1,673,100)	(1,673,100)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	<u>\$ 13,658,049</u>	<u>\$ 13,248,164</u>

Approved by the Council

Mayor Alleso ..... CAO- Clerk Deputy Treasurer

(See accompanying notes)

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#### TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

#### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

REVENUE	2021 <u>Budget</u>	2021 <u>Actual</u>	2020 <u>Actual</u>
Taxation and user charges Government transfers:	\$ 4,241,700	\$ 4,253,235	\$ 4,126,537
Ontario	754,850	1,077,014	1,494,120
Canada Other municipalities	156,550 24,500	85,846 30,939	80,004 25,243
Other	5,177,600	<u>645,567</u> 6,092,601	<u>524,634</u> 6,250,538
EXPENSES	<u> </u>	0,092,001	0,230,338
General government	1,289,890	1,213,343	1,087,914
Protection to persons and property Transportation services	1,008,787 1,761,975	1,247,755 2,089,204	1,124,110 2,044,657
Environmental services Health services	417,750 30,500	466,981 31,247	518,447 30,474
Recreation and cultural services	209,880	410,405	398,736
Planning and development	<u> </u>	<u>223,799</u> 5,682,734	<u>142,151</u> 5,346,489
Excess of revenue over expenses	231,018	409,867	904,049
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	13,248,164	13,248,182	12,344,133
Accumulated surplus, end of year	<u>\$ 13,479,182</u>	<u>\$ 13,658,049</u>	<u>\$ 13,248,182</u>



# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	2021 <u>Budget</u>	2021 <u>Actual</u>	2020 <u>Actual</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$ 231,018	\$ 409,867	\$ 904,049
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of capital assets Use of (acquisition of) prepaid expenses Use of (acquisition of) inventory	970,140 (2,668,854) - - - - (1,698,714)	970,140 (1,766,706) - (3,561) <u>71,799</u> <u>(728,328</u> )	901,912 (1,547,236) 470 8,036 (58,499) (695,317)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	(1,467,696)	(318,461)	208,732
NET FINANCIAL LIABILITIES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(1,894,246)	(1,894,246)	(2,102,978)
NET FINANCIAL LIABILITIES, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ (3,361,942</u> )	<u>\$ (2,212,707)</u>	<u>\$ (1,894,246</u> )



# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	409,867	\$	904,049
Non-cash items included in excess of revenue and expenses:				
Amortization		970,140		901,912
Loss on disposal of capital assets		-		470
Deferred revenue		110,282		50,559
Employee future benefits		6,022		(2,240)
		1,496,311		1,854,750
Changes in non-cash working capital components:				
Decrease (increase) in taxes receivable		173,209		(18,528)
Decrease in accounts receivable		125,074		26,732
Decrease (increase) in inventories of supplies		71,796		(58,499)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(455,289)		583,462
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		<u>(3,561</u> )		8,036
		<u>1,407,540</u>		<u>2,395,953</u>
CASH FLOWS USED IN CAPITAL ACTIVITIES Additions to tangible capital assets:				
General government		(269,168)		-
Transportation services		(1,497,538)		(1,480,179)
Recreation and cultural services		-		(67,039)
		(1,766,706)		(1,547,218)
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Increase (decrease) in long-term liabilities		(354,943)		(404,428)
Proceeds from long-term liability		1,512,000		-
		1,157,057		(404,428)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		797,891		444,306
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,126,386		682,080
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	1,924,277	<u>\$</u>	1,126,386



TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

# YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Protection to		Environmental and	Recreation and	Planning	
	General	persons and	Transportation	Health	cultural	and	
	government	property	services	services	services	<u>development</u>	Total
REVENUE							
Property taxation	\$ 3,397,861	۰ ج	۰ م	۰ ب	۰ ج	۰ م	\$ 3,397,861
Payment in lieu of taxes	855,373	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	855,373
Provincial and other							
government charges	775,735	6,080	261,567	57,090	13,469	I	1,113,941
Gas tax funding	79,859	ı	I	ı	ı	I	79,859
Investment and other income	6,924	ı	·	ı	ı	ı	6,924
Penalties and interest	76,413	ı	·	ı	ı	ı	76,413
Fees, service charges, donations							
and miscellaneous	196,023	10,675	20,805	92,295	10,922	231,510	562,230
	5,388,188	16,755	282,372	149,385	24,391	231,510	6,092,601
EXPENSES							
Salaries, wages and benefits	639,834	266,733	668,240	140,845	187,677	162,054	2,065,383
Interest on long term debt	2,560	3,832	25,433	ı	ı	I	31,825
Materials	493,142	170,246	679,929	138,799	161,791	61,745	1,705,652
Contracted services	43,517	736,244	I	94,633	ı	ı	874,394
External transfers	•	1,419	•	31,247	2,674	•	35,340
	1,179,053	1,178,474	1,373,602	405,524	352,142	223,799	4,712,594
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)							
<b>BEFORE AMORTIZATION</b>	4,209,135	(1,161,719)	(1,091,230)	(256,139)	(327,751)	7,711	1,380,007
Amortization expense	34,291	69,280	715,602	92,704	58,263		970,140
NET REVENUE (EXPENSES)	\$ 4,174,844	<u>\$ (1,230,999</u> )	\$ (1,806,832)	<u>\$ (348,843)</u>	<u>\$ (386,014)</u>	\$ 7,711	\$ 409,867

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#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Greater Madawaska are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The focus of PSAB financial statements is on the financial position of the Township and changes thereto. The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position reports financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets are available to provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Municipal position represents the financial position of the Township and is the difference between financial assets and liabilities. This information explains the Township's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

#### Reporting entity

i) The consolidated financial statements reflect financial assets, liabilities, operating revenues and expenditures, reserves, reserve funds, and changes in investment in tangible capital assets of the Township. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, committees and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Township and which are owned or controlled by the Township. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated.

These consolidated financial statements include:

Township of Greater Madawaska Library Board

ii) Accounting for county and school board transactions

The taxation, other revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the county and school boards are not reflected in the municipal fund balances of these financial statements.

iii) Trust fund and its related operations administered by the Township is not included in these financial statements but is reported separately.

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed.

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#### 1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -** Cont'd.

#### Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenue over expenditure, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

#### Tangible capital assets

i) Tangible capital assets (TCAs) are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Where the cost was not readily determinable, the assets were valued at their current fair market value and then discounted back to their in-service date using the Non-Residential Building Construction Price Index (NRBCPI) for buildings and using the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for all other assets. Land for road segments is valued at \$1.00 per segment. All other land is valued at cost. Where cost was not readily determinable, the land was given a value of \$1.00 per segment. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements	20 - 50 years
Buildings	20 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 50 years
Vehicles	7 - 15 years
Linear assets	10 - 45 years

Amortization is calculated commencing the first month of the year following acquisition using the above rates. In the year of disposal, a full year of amortization will be charged against the asset. Capital work in progress is not amortized until it is put into service.

The Township has a capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000, so that individual TCAs of lesser value are expensed, unless they are pooled because, collectively, they have significant value, or for operational reasons.

ii) Contribution of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt, and that fair value is also recorded as revenue. Similarly, transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expenditure equal to the net book value of the assets as of the date of transfer.

iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenditure as incurred.

#### Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost on an individual basis.

#### 1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -** Cont'd.

#### Investment income

Investment income earned on current funds (other than obligatory reserve funds) is reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on externally restricted funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the respective deferred revenue balance.

#### Government transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or are the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

#### Deferred revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to regulations or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services performed.

#### Deferred revenue - Obligatory reserve funds

The Township receives restricted contributions under the authority of provincial and federal legislation and Township by-laws. These funds by their nature are restricted in their use and, until applied to applicable costs, are recorded as deferred revenue. Amounts applied to qualifying expenditures are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are expended.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant estimates include the allowance for doubtful taxes, landfill closure and post closure costs, employee future benefits and amortization.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

#### Revenue recognition

Taxation revenue consists of non-exchange transactions. It is recognized in the period to which the assessment relates and reasonable estimates of amounts can be made. Annual revenue also includes adjustments related to reassessments or appeals related to prior years. Fees and user charges relate to licensing fees, fees for use of various programming, and fees imposed based on specific activities.

Revenue is recognized when the activity is performed or when the services are rendered.



#### 1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** - Cont'd.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments include cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and net long term liabilities. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximates their fair values due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.

The fair value of net long term liabilities, including the current portion, is based on rates currently available to the Township with similar terms and maturities and approximates its carrying amounts as disclosed on the statement of financial position.

#### 2. AMOUNTS TO BE RECOVERED

Amounts to be recovered represent the requirement of the Township to raise funds in subsequent periods to finance unfunded liabilities, comprised of the landfill closure and post closure costs \$1,673,100 (2020 - \$1,673,100) and employee future benefits of \$18,412 (2020 - \$12,390).

#### 3. TRUST FUND

Trust fund administered by the Township, totaling \$nil (2020 - \$3,467) are presented in a separate financial statement of trust fund financial position and operations. As such, balances held in trust by the Township for the benefit of others have not been included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position nor have its operations been included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

#### 4. OPERATIONS OF SCHOOL BOARDS AND COUNTY OF RENFREW

During 2021, the Township levied property taxes and payments in lieu of property taxes on behalf of the School Boards and County of Renfrew as follows:

	School <u>Boards</u>	<u>County</u>
Property taxes Payments in-lieu	\$ 1,335,587 7,257	\$ 3,101,064 <u>57,032</u>
	<u>\$ 1,342,844</u>	<u>\$ 3,158,096</u>

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#### 5. NET LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The balance of net long term liabilities of \$2,728,451 (2020 - \$1,571,393) reported on the "Consolidated Statement of Financial Position" is made up of long-term liabilities incurred by the Township and includes those incurred on behalf of municipal enterprises

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation debenture. payable, interest at 2.31%, \$28,850 plus interest payable semi-annually, maturing August 2025	\$	230,800	\$	288,500
Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation debenture payable, interest at 1.63%, \$67,342 plus interest payable semi-annually, maturing December 2021		-		134,685
Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation debenture payable, interest at 2.74%, \$ 55,331 plus interest payable semi-annually, maturing April 2029		829,960		940,621
Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation debenture payable, interest at 2.24%, \$ 25,948 plus interest payable semi-annually, maturing December 2024		155,691		207,587
Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation debenture payable, interest at 2.07%, \$ 102,850 plus interest payable semi-annually, maturing December 2031	_	1,512,000		
	<u>\$</u> :	<u>2,728,451</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,571,39 <u>3</u>

Principal and interest payments required on the long-term liabilities are as follows:

	Principa	<u>al</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 426,2	.58 \$	71,754	\$ 498,012
2023	426,2	58	61,962	488,220
2024	426,2	58	52,225	478,483
2025	374,3	61	42,670	417,031
2026 to 2031		16	<u>104,381</u>	 <u>1,179,697</u>
	<u>\$ 2,728,4</u>	<u>51 </u> \$	<u>332,992</u>	\$ <u>3,061,443</u>

#### 6. CHARGES FOR NET LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Total charges for the year for net long term liabilities are as follows:

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Principal Interest paid	\$	354,943 <u>31,825</u>	\$	404,429 <u>51,300</u>
	<u>\$</u>	386,768	<u>\$</u>	455,729

These payments are within the annual debt repayment limit as prescribed by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing under Ontario Regulation 403/02.

The interest charges shown above are reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations under the appropriate functional expenditure heading.



#### 7. DEFERRED REVENUE - OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS

A requirement of the public sector accounting principles of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place because federal, provincial and municipal legislation restricts how these funds may be used. The balances in the obligatory reserve funds of the Township are summarized below:

The balance of deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds on the "Consolidated Statement of Financial Position" at the end of the year is comprised of the following externally restricted reserve funds:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Park development Development charges Shoreline Gas Tax	\$23,171 117,642 4,280 <u>76,770</u>	\$ 23,051 118,576 4,280 
	<u>\$ 221,863</u>	<u>\$ 145,907</u>

Transactions during the year in the deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds are as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Balance, beginning of year Gas tax revenue received Development charges Interest earned	\$ 145,907 79,859 188,454 <u>1,685</u> 415,905	\$ 94,950 76,387 96,150 <u>1,434</u> 268,921
Utilized during the year Balance, end of year <b>DEFERRED REVENUE - OTHER</b>	(194,042) \$221,863	(123,014) \$145,907
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Miscellaneous Deposits General government Recreation	\$ 34,718 31,492 15,000 <u>12,153</u>	\$ - 31,492 15,000 <u>12,545</u>
	<u>\$ 93,363</u>	<u>\$ 59,037</u>

#### 9. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE LIABILITY

8.

The Environmental Protection Act sets out the regulatory requirements to properly close and maintain all active and inactive landfill sites. Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and postclosure care of solid waste landfill sites. This requirement is to be provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

Landfill closure and post closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. Some closure costs are incurred on an ongoing basis and are included in the yearly fiscal operating budget. All remaining expected closure and post closure costs have been discounted at the Township's average long term borrowing rate, net of estimated inflation. There is currently \$ 340,000 in reserves set aside for either closure or post closure activities.



#### 9. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY - Cont'd.

The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over the useful life and estimated post closure care period using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expenditures, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

Landfill sites' estimated remaining capacity in cubic metres	42,445
Landfill sites' remaining useful life in years	30
Expected years of post-closure care	25

The estimated total undiscounted expenses over the 25 year post-closure period amount to approximately \$1,673,100.

#### 10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of municipal activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Township of Greater Madawaska is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at December 31, 2021.

#### 11. BUDGET FIGURES

The operating budget approved by the Township of Greater Madawaska for 2021 is reflected on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The budget established for capital investment in tangible capital assets is on a project-oriented basis, the costs of which may be carried out over one or more years and, therefore, may not be comparable with current year's actual expenditure amounts. As well, the Township does not budget activity within reserves and reserve funds, with the exception being those transactions which affect either operations or capital investments. Budget figures have been reclassified for the purpose of these financial statements to comply with PSAB reporting requirements. The budgeted figures are unaudited.

#### 12. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

The Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets provides information on the tangible capital assets of the Township by major asset class and by functional classification, as well as for accumulated amortization of the assets controlled. The reader should be aware of the following information relating to tangible capital assets:

i) Contributed tangible capital assets

The Township records all tangible capital assets contributed by an external party at fair value on the earlier of the date received or of the transfer of risk and responsibility. Typical examples are roadways, water and sewer lines installed by a developer as part of a subdivision agreement. Roadways contributed in 2021 were \$ Nil (2020 - \$Nil).

ii) Tangible capital assets recognized at nominal value

Certain assets have been assigned a nominal value of one dollar, because of the difficulty of determining a tenable valuation. The most significant such assets are the Township's road allowances. The 2021 road network had segments, each of which has been assigned a value of one dollar for the road allowance itself.



#### 13. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	<u>2021</u>	2020
Tangible capital assets - net Construction in progress Net long-term liabilities Amounts to be funded in future years	\$ 15,024,742 690,313 (2,728,450) <u>(9,700</u> )	\$ 14,457,211 461,270 (1,571,393) (1,056,697)
Equity in tangible capital assets	<u>\$ 12,976,905</u>	<u>\$ 12,290,391</u>

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#### 14. **PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS**

The Municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer pension plan. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Municipality contributed \$149,654 (2020 - \$112,587) to the plan and is included as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations. The Township does not recognize in its consolidated financial statements any share of the pension plan deficit as this is a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the Plan as at December 31, 2021 indicates the Plan is in a deficit position and the Plan's December 31, 2021 financial statements indicate a net deficit of \$69 million (a deficit of \$3.131 billion plus adjustment of \$3.062 billion of unrecognized investment returns above or below the discount rate that is being smoothed and recognized over a five-year period). The Plan's management is monitoring the adequacy of the contributions to ensure that future contributions together with the Plan's assets and future investment earnings will be sufficient to provide for all future benefits.

#### 15. **COMMITMENTS**

The Township has not negotiated a contract with the Ontario Provincial Police for the provision of policing services, however the Ontario Provincial Police provide policing services on an annual basis. Annual charges are determined based on the level of service and are reconciled to actual costs in the following year. The cost for 2021 was \$738,857 (2020 - \$722,160).

The Township has entered into a financing agreement with three other Municipalities and the Renfrew & Area Health Services Village. This agreement provides a Line of Credit to the Renfrew & Area Health Services Village to a maximum of \$510,000 to be repaid in full by December 31, 2024 with no set annual repayment. Each Municipality is responsible for an equal share of the balance outstanding. As at December 31, 2021 the total outstanding balance is \$346,845 (2020 - \$128,117).

#### 16. MUNICIPALITIES BENEFIT COMMITTEE

The Township of Greater Madawaska is a member of the Municipalities Benefit Committee (MBC) which is an employee group benefits plan arranged through Manulife to share in the financial risk of extended health and dental benefits. In the event that a deficit position is incurred, the Township of Greater Madawaska must repay their pro-rata share of the deficit through a lump sum deposit or an increase in future annual premiums collected through the monthly billed rates. In the case of a surplus position, upon full funding of the claims fluctuation reserve (CFR), the surplus is transferred into a deposit account held by Manulife on the MBC's behalf. The surplus funds in the deposit account are to be used to fund premium requirements, enhancements to the benefit plan or fund future deficits. If the Township of Greater Madawaska leaves the MBC, the Township forfeits its right to any surplus.



#### 17. **PRIVATE WATER SYSTEMS**

A \$ 50,000 letter of credit has been established by an individual in respect of a sewage system on a specific property, which contains a condominium, and can be drawn on by the Township of Greater Madawaska at any time on demand should there be any deficiencies in the system.

The Township entered into a municipal responsibility agreement (MRA) in respect of a water and sewage system on a specific property. The MRA, as per By-Law 01-2020, protects the financial interest of the Township as it defines the Owner's design, operation, maintenance and financial responsibilities associated with the proposed private communal water supply and sanitary sewage system as set out in the terms of the agreement.

In the event that the Township is required to assume responsibility for either system, the Township would be responsible for all costs associated with the systems.

#### 18. COVID-19

To help contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus and to protect the public, measures have been introduced at various levels of government. The virus and the measures introduced could have a material impact on future operations. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 virus and the government's response cannot be reliably estimated at this time.



TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

# YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

2020	30,050,721 1,547,218 (710,343) 30,887,596	15,777,076 901,912 (709,873) 15,969,115	4,918,481	
			2 \$ 14	\$
2021	\$ 30,887,606 \$ 30,050,721 1,766,706 1,547,218 - (710,343 32,654,312 30,887,596	15,969,115 970,140 -16,939,255	<u>\$ 15,715,057</u>	\$ 14,918,481
Capital work in <u>Progress</u>	\$ 461,270 229,045 - 690,315		\$ 690,315	\$ 461,270
Linear <u>Assets</u>	\$\$19,304,222 1,001,028 	11,792,100 511,887 	\$ 8,001,263	\$ 7,512,114
<u>Vehicles</u>	\$ 3,465,824 316,049 - <u>3,781,873</u>	1,517,341 229,172 - <u>1,746,513</u>	<u>\$ 2,035,360</u>	\$ 1,948,481
Machinery and <u>Equipment</u>	\$ 1,833,640 220,584 - 2,054,224	762,495 84,406 - 846,901	\$ 1,207,323	\$ 1,071,145
Buildings	\$ 3,740,621 - <u>3,740,621</u>	1,253,819 90,242 - <u>1,344,061</u>	\$ 2,396,560	\$ 2,486,802
Land improvements	\$ 1,560,581 - <u>1,560,581</u>	643,360 54,433 - 697,793	\$ 862,788	\$ 917,221
Land	\$ 521,448 \$1,560,581 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		<u>\$ 521,448</u>	<u>\$ 521,448</u>
	<b>COST:</b> Balance, beginning of year Additions Disposals, write-offs and adjustments Balance, end of year	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION: Balance, beginning of year Annual amortization Accum. amortization on disposals Balance, end of year	NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2020 NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

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# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA SCHEDULE OF RESERVES AND RESERVE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Contribution::	¢ 000 044	¢ 050 4 4 4
From operations	<u>\$  609,944</u>	<u>\$ 653,141</u>
Transfers:		
To operations	54,371	29,400
To tangible capital acquisitions	<u>827,711</u>	<u>61,007</u>
	882,082	90,407
Changes in reserves and reserve funds balance	(272,138)	562,734
Reserves and reserve funds at beginning of year	2,606,794	2,044,060
Reserves and reserve funds at end of year	<u>\$ 2,334,656</u>	<u>\$ 2,606,794</u>
Reserves:		
Working capital	\$ 372,426	\$ 366,404
Capital works	708,078	666,218
General recreation	12,793	12,793
Recreation	24,454	24,454
Rink	14,420	9,562
Calabogie recreation	9,115	9,115
Parks	16,240	16,240
One time funding Post closure	477,146 340,000	725,242
Other	340,000 359,984	340,000 436,766
Oulei	<u> </u>	430,700
Total reserves	<u>\$ 2,334,656</u>	<u>\$ 2,606,794</u>



# Welch LLP®

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the

#### CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Township of Greater Madawaska Trust Fund (the "Trust"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statement of operations and change in fund balance for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as at December 31, 2021 and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards(PSAB).

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Township or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Ontario May 27, 2022.



# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ASSETS	-	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
CURRENT Loan receivable (note 2)		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>3,467</u>
	FUND BALANCE				
FUND BALANCE		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>3,467</u>



# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Fund balance at beginning and end of year	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>3,467</u>



# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA TRUST FUND NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

Capital receipts and income are reported on the cash basis of accounting.

Expenditures are reported on the cash basis of accounting with the exception of administration expenses which are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes expenditures as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

#### 2. ONTARIO HOME RENEWAL PROGRAM

Ontario Home Renewal Program loans receivable at December 31, 2021 are comprised of repayable loans of \$Nil (2020 - \$3,467). In the event of the sale or lease of the home or in the event of the homeowner ceasing to occupy the home, the balance of the loans immediately becomes due and payable by the homeowner.

In 1993, the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing announced that the Ontario Home Renewal Program was being discontinued and that all cash funds on hand at the end of each year are to be returned to the Province by 1 March of the next year.

#### 3. COVID-19

To help contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus and to protect the public, measures have been introduced at various levels of government. The virus and the measures introduced could have a material impact on future operations. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 virus and the government's response cannot be reliably estimated at this time.



#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For

TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA LIBRARY BOARD For year ended DECEMBER 31, 2021



# Welch LLP®

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the

#### CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Township of Greater Madawaska Library Board (the "Library Board"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Library Board as at December 31, 2021 and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAB).

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Library Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Library Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Library Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Library Board's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Library Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Township to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ottawa, Ontario May 27, 2022.



# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA LIBRARY BOARD STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ASSETS		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
<b>CURRENT</b> Cash on hand and in bank Short-term investments Due from Township		\$	10,166 22,824 <u>5,010</u>	\$	10,718 20,741 <u>5,010</u>
		<u>\$</u>	38,000	<u>\$</u>	36,469
	LIABILITIES AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	<u>s</u>			
CURRENT LIABILITIES		\$	-	\$	-
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS			38,000		<u>36,469</u>

(See accompanying notes)



<u>\$ 38,000</u>

<u>\$ 36,469</u>

# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA LIBRARY BOARD STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenue		
Ontario grant - operating	\$ 11,8	17 \$ 11,817
- other	1,6	56 1,305
Township grant	58,1	18 31,600
Fundraising and donations	1,9	4,584
Interest		83 105
	73,5	<u>86 49,411</u>
Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	44,8	95 33,324
Books, supplies, materials and maintenance	27,1	<u>60 12,081</u>
	72,0	<u>45,405</u>
Change in general surplus for the year	1,5	4,006
Accumulated surplus at beginning of year	36,4	69 32,463
Accumulated surplus at end of year	<u>\$ 38,0</u>	<u>00 \$ 36,469</u>



# TOWNSHIP OF GREATER MADAWASKA LIBRARY BOARD NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Township of Greater Madawaska Library Board are the representation of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

b) Government transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or are the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

c) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than three months from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

#### 2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include cash on hand and in bank, short term investments and due from Township. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Library Board is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported on the statement of financial position for cash on hand and in bank, short term investments and due from Township, approximates their fair values, due to the immediate and short term maturities of these financial instruments.



#### 3. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The nature of the Board's activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. The Library Board is not aware of any claims or possible claims as at December 31, 2021.

#### 4. COVID-19

To help contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus and to protect the public, measures have been introduced at various levels of government. The virus and the measures introduced could have a material impact on future operations. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 virus and the government's response cannot be reliably estimated at this time.

